BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

AND

REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable School Committee Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, Acton, Massachusetts as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District at June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2012, on our consideration of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 presented to supplement the basic financial statements. information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts September 21, 2012

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District

Management Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District School (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our basic statements and notes to the basic statements.

The District is audited annually by Borgatti Harrison & Company, Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$32,095,553 (net assets).
- The District's total net assets decreased by \$3,330,139 or 8.8% in Fiscal 2012.
- The total cost of all District services for Fiscal 2012 was \$54,303,276. The District operated within the budget established by the School Committee for the year ended June 30, 2012.
- The District served 2,988 students in Fiscal 2012, a decrease of 0.1% from Fiscal 2011. Total expenditures for instructional costs were \$22,590,900, or 59.1%; expenditures for fringe benefits were \$5,852,286, or 15.3%.
- Revenues were primarily derived from assessments to towns totaling \$30,589,816, state aid of \$6,969,133, and program revenues, primarily grants, insurance recovery and earnings on investments.
- The District reported a general fund balance of \$3,305,090 at the end of Fiscal 2012. There was a \$461,936 decrease in total general fund balance from the prior year. The unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,296,976.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This overview is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's financial position, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenue and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions and activities of the District that are principally supported by regional assessments and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions and activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges. The government activities of the District include the broad functions of School Committee, Superintendent, Finance, School Leadership, Instruction, Textbooks, etc., consistent with Massachusetts Department of Education functional classifications.

Fund Financial Statements:

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other Massachusetts school districts, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains a general fund, state and federal grant funds, cafeteria fund, revolving funds, community education fund and capital projects funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund. Data from the other five categories of funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the caption nonmajor governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Pages 13 through 17 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds, which include scholarships and student activities, are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of the funds are not available to support the District's own functions and activities. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for general funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements provide separate information for the agency and private purpose funds of the District. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements:

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on Page 21 through 40 of this report. An index of the notes appears on Page 20.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis:

	FY 2012	FY2011	Net Change
Current Assets	\$ 5,425,647	\$ 5,635,339	\$ (209,692)
Capital Assets (Net)	\$58,718,890	<u>\$59,508,701</u>	\$ (789,811)
Total Assets	\$ <u>64,144,537</u>	\$ <u>65,144,040</u>	<u>\$ (999,503)</u>
Current Liabilities	\$ 1,995,543	\$ 2,128,187	\$ (132,644)
Non-Current Liabilities	\$30,053,441	<u>\$27,590,161</u>	\$ 2,463,280
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>32,048,984</u>	\$ <u>29,718,348</u>	\$ <u>2,330,636</u>
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital assets,	Ф 20 0 со 100		
Net of related debt	\$ 38,968,108	\$39,429,225	\$ (461,117)
Restricted	\$ 25,953	\$ 38,078	(12,125)
Unrestricted	\$(6,898,508)	\$(4,041,611)	\$(2,856,897)
Total Net Assets	\$32,095,553	\$35,425,692	<u>\$(3,330,139)</u>

Included within current assets are \$5,079,827 in cash and cash equivalents. Capital assets include all buildings and equipment, both completed and in progress, that are owned by the District. Current liabilities principally include \$371,434 for accounts payable, accrued expenses and \$269,131 in accrued interest and current portion of long-term liabilities of \$1,354,978. Long-term liabilities include \$1,516,253 for longevity incentives and \$10,065,082 for other post employment benefits.

The largest portion (91.5%) of the District's total assets reflects its investment in land, buildings, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The District uses capital assets to provide services to students; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Net assets decreased \$789,811 principally from depreciation expense of \$2,229,204 and a \$2,532,936 increase in net OPEB obligation that was recognized by the School District as result of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. The \$10,065,082 net OPEB obligation represents the difference between the School District's annual required contribution for other post employment benefits (principally health insurance) and the School District's pay-as-you-go funding for retiree benefits.

Approximately 5.2% of the District's net assets represent resources that are considered unrestricted, but are subject to designation by the School Committee. Such designations include capital projects, encumbrances, and subsequent year expenses. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$(8,552,160) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to employees for early retirement/longevity incentive, students and creditors.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds:

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with local, state and federal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At June 30, 2012, the general fund balance was \$3,305,090; \$1,653,652 of this balance was assigned by the School Committee to pay for encumbrances, debt service and carryover expenditures. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures (including transfers to other funds). Unassigned fund balance represents 2.9% of total general fund expenditures (including transfers), while total fund balance represents 7.4% of the same amount.

General Fund Highlights:

The District's total general fund balance decreased \$461,936 during Fiscal 2012.

Total general fund revenues were \$43,072,348, an increase of \$779,814, or 1.8% from prior year. District assessments to member communities increased \$481,960, or 1.6%, to \$30,589,816. State aid increased \$290513 in FY12. Student enrollment decreased from 2,990 in Fiscal 2011 to 2,988 in Fiscal 2012. District assessments to member communities constitute the largest revenue line item, representing 71.02% of the District's general fund revenue. State aid represents the second largest revenue source (28.82%) for the District.

Member communities are apportioned an assessment based upon costs in three categories: construction costs, capital costs and operating costs. The method of determining a community's local contribution is based on a three-year average of pupil enrollment. The District will then assess additional revenue requirements based on the regional agreement. The District's budget is not approved until both member communities vote on it favorably.

Total general fund expenditure and transfers to other funds were \$43,534,284, an increase of \$1,908,210, or 4.6% from the previous fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

Actual revenues were over budget by \$168,171 primarily due to state aid and miscellaneous revenues.

Actual expenditure and transfers were \$318,645 under budget, primarily due to tuitions out.

The table below summarizes the major categories of general fund expenditures and transfers compared to Fiscal 2011:

Expenditure	2012 Actual	% of Total	Change from 2011	n <u>% Change</u>
Administration Instructional	\$1,374,303	3.5%	\$225,621	19.6%
Leadership Classroom & Specialist	\$2,334,147	5.9%	\$138,349	6.3%
Teachers Other Teaching	\$13,698,958	34.5%	\$851,749	6.6%
Services Professional	\$1,149,628	2.9%	\$180,773	18.6%
Development Instructional Materials, Equip.	\$195,711	0.5%	\$(3,467)	(1.7)%
& Technology Guidance, Counseling &	\$ 892,660	2.2%	\$(64,116)	(6.7)%
Testing	\$1,441,815	3.6%	\$120,728	9.1%
Pupil Services Operations &	\$2,891,355	7.3%	\$175,558	6.5%
Maintenance	\$3,556,090	8.9%	\$224,804	6.7%
Insurance	\$5,257,682	13.2%	\$(519,899)	(9.0)%
Retirement	\$924,659	2.2%	\$82,210	9.8%
Capital Outlay	\$1,007,287	2.5%	\$108,225	12.0%
Tuition Out	\$3,136,843	7.9%	\$(105,118)	(3.2)%
Debt Service	\$1,887,984	4.7%	\$(4,307)	(0.2)%
Total	\$39,749,122	<u>100.0%</u>	\$1,411,110	<u>3.7%</u>

Teaching represents 34.5% of the District's expenditures, an increase of 6.6% over the prior fiscal year. The District spent \$5,257,682 or 13.2% on fringe benefits, consisting of employee benefits including health insurance, representing the second largest expenditure line item. The third largest category of expenditure was operations and maintenance costing \$3,556,090 or 8.9% of the total. Tuition out includes school choice out, tuition to non-public schools and to collaboratives.

Pupil services costs were \$2,891,355, or 7.3% of total. Debt service, including interest payments of \$837,984, was 4.7% of the total.

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for government and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012 amounted to \$58,718,890, net of accumulated depreciation of \$26,593,546. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Additional information on the District's capital assets may be found in Note 12 Capital Assets to the financial statements on page 36 of this report.

Long-Term Debt: At June 30, 2021, the District had \$18,527,512 outstanding in long-term bonds and notes, bearing interest rates of 3.0% to 6.0%, maturing through 2025.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget for FY 2013

Fiscal 2013 enrollment projections indicate that 2,458 students will attend the District from the Town of Acton, and 406 students from the Town of Boxborough. Enrollment is expected to continue to decrease until Fiscal 2020. The communities are governed by Boards of Selectmen and Open Town Meeting. Major employers of the two towns include Cisco Systems and Haartz Auto Fabric. Median family income and per capita income for both communities are significantly greater than the national and state averages.

<u>Year 2009</u>	<u>Acton</u>	Boxborough	Massachusetts	United States
Median Family Income	\$112,217	\$112,477	\$ 63,313	\$ 50,054
Per Capita Income	\$ 55,111	\$ 49,608	\$ 33,411	\$ 44,872

The District has an approved FY2013 general fund budget of \$39,114,804. This represents a 1.6% decrease over the final 2012 actual expenditures. Of this decrease the majority is due to a decrease in health insurance expense. Debt service cost has decreased \$4,309. The number of students enrolled is 2,864, compared to prior year enrollment of 2,988, a decrease of 124 students or 4.15%.

Special Initiatives

The District is recognized statewide as a value-added District, achieving high academic performance, presenting award-winning plays and musicals, and winning state championships in athletic events. The FY11 cost per pupil of \$13,182 is less than the statewide average for schools of \$13,361. The percentage of students matriculating to higher education is 98%. Students in the District have received many academic, music, art, and athletic awards.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Acton-Boxborough Regional School District, 16 Charter Road, Acton, Massachusetts 01720.

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 5,053,874
Receivable, other Restricted cash	200
Other	25,953
- ·	345,620
Total current assets	5,425,647
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	58,718,890
Total noncurrent assets	58,718,890
Total Assets	
10101/103010	64,144,537
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	371,434
Accrued interest	269,131
Current portion of note payable	7,512
Current portion of capital lease obligations	176,164
Current portion of longevity incentive	76,302
Current portion of bonds payable	1,095,000
Total current liabilities	1,995,543
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Other post employment benefits obligation	10,065,082
Note payable, net of current portion	-
Capital lease obligations, net of current portion	1,047,106
Longevity incentive, net of current portion	1,516,253
Bonds payable, net of current portion	17,425,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	30,053,441
Total Liabilities	32,048,984
	<u> </u>
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	38,968,108
Restricted for:	33,300,100
Other purposes	25,953
Unrestricted	(6,898,508)
Total net assets	\$ 32,095,553
	Ψ 32,090,303

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

					Progra	Program Revenue					
					Crear	Operating Grants	,iac	Capital Grante	Ne Ne	Net (Expense)	
			Char	Charges for	a la	and		and	21 E	Changes in Net	
Functions/Programs Primary government	Expenses	ωl	Sel	Services	Con	Contributions	Cont	Contributions		Assets	
Governmental Activities											
Administration	\$ 1,348,074	,074	(/)	5,196	49	ı	ω	i	θ	(1.342.878)	
Instructional leadership	2,370,468	468		34,929		15,026	•	,	,	(2,320,513)	
Classroom and specialist teachers	13,933,915	915		144.038		200,585		1		(13 589 292)	
Other teaching services	1,756,992	992		21 073		574 386		1		(1.161.533)	
Professional development	255	255,215		328		63,935		•		(190,952)	
Instructional materials, equipment and technology	860	860,046		58,798		2,210		1		(799,038)	
Guidance, counseling and testing	1,441,815	815		. 1		•		٠		(1,441,815)	
Pupil services	4,364,913	913		1,405,785		807,995		1		(2,151,133)	
Operations and maintenance	3,123,270	270		. '		. '		•		(3.123.270)	
Insurance	7,756,543	543		,		1		,		(7,756,543)	
Retirement	5,594,046	046		,		4,669,387		ı		(924,659)	
Community Education	2,665,231	.231	•	2,631,698		•		ı		(33,533)	
School lunch	992	992,958		866,966		103,228		1		(22.764)	
Capital outlay	227	227,649		150,295		. '		ı		(77,354)	
Tuition out	4,212,312	,312		•		1,248,059		1		(2,964,253)	
Other	327,	327,145		327,145		•		1		,	
Depreciation not allocated	2,229,204	204		1		,		ı		(2 229 204)	
Interest and other charges	843	843,480		7,695				t		(835,785)	
Total governmental activities	54,303,276	276		5,653,946	ļ	7,684,811		1		(40,964,519)	
	General revenues:	unes:									
	Member town assessments	own asse	essment	"						30,589,816	
	State aid									6,969,133	
	investment earnings	nt earnin	gs							15,560	
	Miscellaneous Transfer in	eous								59,871	
	Total ge	Total general revenues	venues							37,634,380	
	Chan	Change in net assets	t assets							(3,330,139)	
	Not assets - Degittilling	6111111162 2								35,475,092	
	Net assets - ending	nding							υ	32,095,553	

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

ASSETS		eral Fund	_	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, other Restricted cash Prepaid expenses	\$	3,330,704 200 - 345,620	\$	1,723,170 - 25,953 -	\$	5,053,874 200 25,953 345,620			
Total assets	\$	3,676,524	\$	1,749,123	\$	5,425,647			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	371,434 371,434	\$		<u>\$</u>	371,434 371,434			
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		345,620 8,842 - 1,653,652 1,296,976		550,604 - 1,198,519		345,620 559,446 - 2,852,171 1,296,976			
Total fund balances		3,305,090		1,749,123		5,054,213			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,676,524	\$	1,749,123	\$	5,425,647			

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 5,054,213
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.	58,718,890
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt whereas in Governmental Funds, interest is not reported until due.	(269,131)
Revenues are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting instead of a modified accrual basis.	-
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Not Appets	(04.400.440)
of the Statement of Net Assets.	 (31,408,419)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets

32,095,553

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	<u>G</u>	<u>Total</u> overnmental Funds
Member town assessments	æ	20 500 040	•		_	
Intergovernmental	\$	30,589,816	\$	-	\$	30,589,816
Charges for services		12,412,357		2,270,361		14,682,718
Investment earnings		40.000		5,251,440		5,251,440
Miscellaneous		13,223		2,337		15,560
Contributions and donations		56,952		2,919		59,871
Total revenues		43,072,348		223,437		223,437
		43,072,340		7,750,494		50,822,842
EXPENDITURES						
Administration		1,342,878		5,196		1,348,074
Instructional leadership		2,320,513		49,955		2,370,468
Classroom and specialist teachers		13,698,958		327,924		14,026,882
Other teaching services		1,149,408		607,584		1,756,992
Professional development		190,952		64,263		255,215
Instructional materials, equipment and technology		799,038		61,008		
Guidance, counseling and testing		1,441,815		01,000		860,046
Pupil services		2,890,820		1,474,093		1,441,815
Operations and maintenance		3,123,270		1,474,000		4,364,913
Insurance		5,223,607		· <u>-</u>		3,123,270
Retirement		5,593,473		573		5,223,607
Community education		-		2,665,231		5,594,046 2,665,231
School lunch		_		992,958		992,958
Capital outlay		2,030,585		332,330		2,030,585
Tuition out		3,064,253		1,148,059		4,212,312
Other		-		327,145		327,145
Debt service:				027,170		321,140
Principal		1,050,000		7,186		1,057,186
Interest and other charges		837,984		509		838,493
Total Expenditures	*	44,757,554		7,731,684		52,489,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,685,206)		18,810		(1,666,396)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						-
Proceeds from capital leases		4 000 070				
Transfers in (out)		1,223,270		-		1,223,270
Proceeds from long-term borrowing		-		-		-
Total other financing sources and uses		1,223,270		_		1,223,270
Net change in fund balances		(461,936)		18,810		
Fund balances - beginning		3,767,026		1,730,313		(443,126) 5,497,339
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,305,090	\$	1,749,123	\$	5,054,213
				1		0,001,210

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

(443,126)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.

This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$1,589,098) and disposals (149,705) exceeded depreciation (\$2,229,204) in the current period.

(789,811)

Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.

Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which payments exceeded proceeds.

(166.084)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Net change in other post employment benefits liability	(2,532,936)
Capital lease payment	494,778
Accrued interest not reflected on Governmental funds	14,073
Retirement	92,967
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (3,330,139)

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual - General fund For the year ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES Final Member town assessments \$ 30,903,091 \$ 30,903,091 \$ 30,903,091 \$ 30,903,091 \$ 7,995 Charges for services 7,431,363 7,645,547 7,743,543 97,996 Investment earnings 1 13,223 13,223 13,223 Miscellaneous 38,334,454 38,548,638 38,716,809 168,171 EXPENDITURES Administration 1,256,131 1,256,131 2,334,147 (51,116) Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,535 13,988,988 113,577 Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,535 13,988,988 113,577 Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,535 13,988,988 113,577 Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,535 13,988,988 181,957 Professional development 199,812 199,812 195,711 4,101 Instructional materials, equipment and technology 954,858 928,858 928,858 92,860 37,196			Budgete	d Amo	unts		tual Amounts, dgetary Basis	<u>Fin</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Member town assessments	REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>						
Intergovernmental	· · · · = · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ø	20.002.004	•		_					
Charges for services 1,31,533 1,645,947 1,743,543 97,996 Investment earnings 13,223 13,223 Miscellaneous 56,952 56,952 Total revenues 38,334,454 38,548,638 38,716,809 168,171 EXPENDITURES		Φ		\$		\$		\$	-		
Miscellaneous 13,223 13,223 13,223 13,000 168,171 170,000 17	<u> </u>		7,431,363		7,645,547		7,743,543		97,996		
Miscellaneous 13,223 13,225 13,	-		•		-		-		-		
Total revenues 38,334,454 33,548,638 38,716,809 168,171			-		-		1		13,223		
Septembritures Sept							56,952		56,952		
Administration 1,256,131 1,256,131 1,374,303 (118,172) Instructional leadership 2,283,031 2,283,031 2,334,147 (51,116) Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,555 13,698,958 113,577 Other teaching services 10,36,507 1,067,660 1,149,628 (81,968) Professional development 199,812 199,812 195,711 4,101 Instructional materials, equipment and technology 954,858 929,858 892,660 37,198 Guidance, courseling and testing 1,401,975 1,476,975 1,441,815 35,160 Pupil services 2,836,797 2,836,797 2,891,355 (54,558) Operations and maintenance 3,402,103 3,341,103 3,556,090 (214,987) Insurance 5,465,661 5,376,661 5,257,682 118,969 Retirement 938,823 938,823 924,559 14,164 Capital outlay 825,250 825,250 1,007,287 (182,037) Tuition out 3,808,395 3,835,157 3,136,843 698,314 Other Debt service 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984 Total Expenditures 40,041,005 40,067,767 39,749,122 318,645 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026	lotal revenues		38,334,454		38,548,638		38,716,809		168,171		
Instructional leadership											
Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,535 13,699,958 113,577			1,256,131		1.256.131		1 374 303		(440 470)		
Classroom and specialist teachers 13,743,688 13,812,535 13,698,958 113,577	Instructional leadership										
College Coll					, ,						
Professional development									•		
Structional materials, equipment and technology 954,858 929,858 892,660 37,198 Guidance, counseling and testing 1,401,975 1,476,975 1,441,815 35,160 Pupil services 2,836,797 2,836,797 2,891,355 (54,558) 3,341,103 3,556,090 (214,987) Insurance 5,465,651 5,376,651 5,257,682 118,969 Retirement 938,823 938,823 924,659 14,164 Capital outlay 825,250 825,250 1,007,287 (182,037) Tuition out 3,808,395 3,835,157 3,136,843 698,314 Citer Debt service 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984	Professional development		199,812								
Suidance, counseling and testing	Instructional materials, equipment and technology		•								
Pupil services 2,836,797 2,836,797 2,891,355 (54,558)											
Operations and maintenance 3,402,103 3,341,103 3,556,090 (214,987) Insurance 5,465,651 5,376,651 5,257,682 118,969 Retirement 938,823 938,823 924,659 14,164 Capital outlay 825,250 825,250 1,007,287 (182,037) Tuition out 3,808,995 3,835,157 3,136,843 698,314 Other Debt service 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984 Total Expenditures 40,041,005 40,067,767 39,749,122 318,645 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Cotal other financing sources and uses (313,275) (313,275) Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 Fund balances - ending 5, 260,475 (200,475) (214,987) (
Retirement S,465,651 S,376,651 S,257,682 118,969 Retirement 938,823 938,823 924,659 14,164 Capital outlay 825,250 825,250 1,007,287 (182,037) Tuition out 3,808,395 3,835,157 3,136,843 698,314 Other Debt service 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984 Total Expenditures 40,041,005 40,067,767 39,749,122 318,645 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns (313,275) (313,275) Transfers in (313,275) (313,275) Transfers out (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 Fund balances - ending 5,808,475 0,445,575 0,445,588 486,816 Fund balances - ending 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 -10,700,767 1,700,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 -10,700,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 -10,700,767,026 -10,700,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 -10,700,767,026 -10,700,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 -10,700,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 -10,700,767,026 3,76			3,402,103						, , ,		
Retirement 938,823 938,823 924,659 14,164 Capital outlay 825,250 825,250 1,007,287 (182,037) Tuition out 3,808,395 3,835,157 3,136,843 698,314 Other Debt service 1,887,984 1,887,984 1,887,984 - Total Expenditures 40,041,005 40,067,767 39,749,122 318,645 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out (313,275) (313,275) - Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 Fund balances - ending											
Capital outlay Tuition out Other Other Debt service 1,887,984 Total Expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses (1,706,551) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning 825,250 825,250 1,007,287 1,887,984 1,8			938,823		,				•		
Tuition out Other Debt service 1.887,984 1							•				
Debt service											
Total Expenditures 40,041,005 40,067,767 39,749,122 318,645 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out			-,,		-		3,130,043		090,314		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses (1,706,551) (1,313,275) (313,275) Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 Fund balances - ending	Debt service		1,887,984		1,887,984		1,887,984				
expenditures (1,706,551) (1,519,129) (1,032,313) 486,816 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 7,026 7,026 7,027 Fund balances - ending			40,041,005		40,067,767		39,749,122		318,645		
Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) Fund balances - beginning (1,706,551) Signature - (313,275) (31	expenditures		(1,706,551)		(1,519,129)		(1,032,313)		486,816		
Excess fund balance returned to member towns Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) Fund balances - beginning (1,706,551) Signature - (313,275) (31	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses - (313,275) (313,275) Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026	Excess fund balance returned to member towns		· <u>-</u>		(313.275)		/313 375\				
Total other financing sources and uses - (313,275) (313,275) Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 3,767,026 Fund balances - ending	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		(010,270)		(313,275)		-		
Net change in fund balances (1,706,551) (1,832,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - beginning 3,767,026 3,767,026 -	Transfers out				_		-		-		
Fund balances - beginning (1,60,331) (1,632,404) (1,345,588) 486,816 Fund balances - ending (1,60,331) (1,632,404) (1,345,588) 486,816	Total other financing sources and uses		_		(313,275)		(313,275)		-		
Fund balances - ending									486,816		
	Fund balances - ending	\$	2,060,475	\$	1,934,622	\$		\$	486,816		

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

ASSETS	Private Purpose <u>Trust Fund -</u> <u>Simple</u>		Agency Fund		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	331,161	\$	109,597	
Total assets		331,161		109,597	
LIABILITIES Due to student groups Total liabilities				109,597 109,597	
NET ASSETS Held in trust for benefits and other purposes	\$	331,161	\$		

Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	<u>Private Purpose</u> <u>Trust Fund -</u> <u>Simple</u>	
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings	\$	60,919 1,141
Total additions		62,060
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships awarded		37,950
Total deductions		37,950
Change in net assets Transfer to other funds Net assets - beginning		24,110 - 307,051
Net assets - ending	\$	331,161

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>General Statement</u>

The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District (the "District") was established in 1955 under Chapter 71 of the Massachusetts General Laws, as amended and supplemented, and an Agreement, as amended, between the Towns of Acton, Massachusetts and Boxborough, Massachusetts for the purpose of providing academic and certain vocational technical education in all grades from grade seven through grade twelve.

The powers and duties of the District are vested in and exercised by the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District School Committee (the Committee). The Committee is presently composed of nine members, six from the Town of Acton and three from the Town of Boxborough.

The accounting and reporting policies of the School District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable).

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The School District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all School operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the School District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- * the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- * the School District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- * the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- * the School District is able to impose its will on the organization
- * the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the School District
- * there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the School District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District has no component units.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the activities of the School District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and assessments and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and assessments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The School District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental activities typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The School District has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the main operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax and assessment revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund.

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of other special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the nonmajor governmental funds column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the government's programs. The following fiduciary funds are reported:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> - This fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust for student scholarships.

Agency Funds - This fund is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units. The District reports Student Activity Funds in the Agency Fund.

D. Net Assets

Net assets represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

E. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Massachusetts General laws or Regional School District Agreement).

Enabling legislation authorizes the School District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created be enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of School Committee. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless School Committee removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by School Committee, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by School Committee or a School District official delegated that authority by Regional School District Agreement, School Committee, or ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net assets and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, early retirement costs, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are assessments, fees, licenses, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other governmental fund revenue are recognized when received.

G. Budgetary Control

The School Committee annually determines the amount to be raised (after deducting the amount of anticipated revenues the School District expects to receive) to maintain and operate the School District during the next fiscal year and apportions the amount among the member towns in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The amounts apportioned to each town are certified by the School District treasurer to the treasurers of the towns. Each town takes action on the amounts so certified at the next annual town meeting.

Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 70, as amended by the Education Reform Act of 1993, specifically states that local and regional school districts must meet their net school spending requirement. Net school spending is made up of the minimum local contribution and Chapter 70 state aid.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results. The General Fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results, except for the effect of encumbrances and continuing appropriations, which are adjusted to the actual results for comparison.

H. Cash and Investments

Cash of all funds, including restricted cash, are pooled into common pooled accounts in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash accounts has an equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end. An individual fund's pooled Cash and Cash Investments are available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements. In addition, any marketable securities not included in the common pooled accounts that are purchased with a maturity of ninety days or less are also considered to be "cash equivalents".

All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

I. Inventories of Supplies

Supplies are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase and are not included in the statement of net assets as inventories.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

L. Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

M. Compensated Absences

Administrative, support personnel and custodians are allowed to carryover a maximum of 15 days of vacation leave.

As a possible incentive for employment longevity, a sum of money will be paid to a teacher having taught in the School District for at least ten years, calculated by multiplying the difference between the teacher's last annual Schedule A salary and that for a Step One on the bachelors level for that same year and the relevant multiplication factor. A similar incentive exists for administrators.

N. Claims and Judgments

Estimated losses from judgments and claims are recorded in the Government-Wide financial statements as a liability and as an expense if the loss is probable and amounts can be reasonably estimated.

O. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over three years of useful life. Infrastructure assets capitalized have an original cost of \$25,000 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 40 Years
Machinery and Equipment 5-10 Years
Improvements 15 Years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

P. Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for fund expenditures are recorded in order to reserve portions of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Certain unexpended and unencumbered appropriations for incomplete projects are carried over to succeeding years. Such continuing appropriations are accounted for similar to encumbrances. Other unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Q. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A summary reconciliation of the difference between total fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet and total net assets (deficit) for governmental activities as shown on the government-wide statement of net assets is presented in an accompanying schedule to the governmental funds balance sheet. The asset and liability elements, which comprise the reconciliation difference, stem from governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District prepares its annual budget on a basis (budget basis), which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). The budget and all transactions are presented in accordance with the School District's method (budget basis) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between budget and GAAP basis in the General Fund are that encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Adjustments necessary to convert the General Fund's excess of revenues over expenditures on the budget basis to a GAAP basis are provided below:

Excess of revenues over expenditures - budget basis	\$(1,345,588)
End of year adjustment for encumbrances not recognized	
as expenditures	883,652
Record revenue recognized for MTRS on-behalf payments	4,668,814
Record expenditures recognized for MTRS on-behalf payments	(4,668,814)
Excess of revenues over expenditures - GAAP basis	\$ (461,936)
•	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the School District. Deposits (including demand deposits, term deposits and certificates of deposit) in any one financial institution may not exceed certain levels without collateralization or insurance protection by the financial institutions involved. Investments can be made in securities unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government with maturities of 90 days or less which are collateralized by such securities. The School District also has the authority to purchase units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), a pooled fund managed for the Commonwealth.

The composition of the School District's deposits and investments fluctuates throughout the year depending primarily on the timing of assessment receipts, proceeds from borrowings, collections of state and federal aid, and capital outlays.

Deposit - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be recovered. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2012, \$4,701,695 of the School District's bank balance of \$6,478,424 was uninsured and uncollateralized and, therefore, exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy for custodial risk of investments.

Investments - Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a policy for interest rate risk of debt securities.

Investments - Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The School District does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4 - PENSION PLANS

Middlsex County Contributory Retirement System

Plan Description and Provisions

The School District provides pension benefits for substantially all employees except School Department employees through the Middlesex County Contributory Retirement System (MCCRS), a Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Employee Retirement System established under the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement Law. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established by state law.

The system provides for retirement benefits up to a maximum of two and one-half times (2-1/2x) the number of years of service, expressed as a percentage, times a member's average annual compensation for the past three years. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

Members of the system become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A retirement allowance may be received upon reaching age 65 or upon attaining twenty years of service. The plan also provides for early retirement at age 55 if the Participant (1) has a record of 10 years of creditable service, (2) was on the School District payroll on January 1, 1978, (3) voluntarily left School District employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the Fund. Plan members who become permanently and totally disabled may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance.

The County of Middlesex issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MCCRS.

Funding Policy

Active plan members contribute either 5, 7, 8, or 9% of their gross regular compensation depending on the date upon which their membership began, on a pre-tax basis. The School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 8.9% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the MCCRS board of Trustees.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2012, the School District's annual pension cost of \$924,659 was equal to the School District's required and actual contributions. The periodic employer contributions to the retirement system are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is funded on a schedule that ends no later than the year 2040. The annual amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability increases each year by 4.5%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The funding strategy for normal cost and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability should provide sufficient resources to pay employee pension benefits on a timely basis. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts currently reimburses the System on a quarterly basis for the portion of benefit payments owing to cost-of-living increases granted after the implementation of Proposition 2-1/2.

The significant actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation and contribution are summarized below:

- * The rate of return on the investment of present and future assets is 8% per year, compounded annually.
- * Future pension payments reflect an assumption of a 5.5% salary increase per year.
- * Future pension payments reflect no post-retirement benefit increases.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage
Year	Pension	of APC
Funding	Cost (APC)	Contribution
2010	\$806,172	100%
2011	842,449	100%
2012	924,659	100%

<u>Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System, a Noncontributing Employer</u>
Plan

The majority of the employees of the School Department participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement Board. Benefit provisions and contribution requirments are established by state law. Eligibility requirements for participation are as follows:

- * The employee must be employed on at least a half-time basis in a contracted professional position within a public school system located in Massachusetts.
- * The employee must be certified by the Massachusetts Department of Education for a position which requires certification.

Participation in the plan requires that members contribute a fixed percentage of their compensation (either 5%, 7%, 8%, or 9%) each pay period. This percentage varies depending upon the date of employment. Members hired after December 31, 1978 must contribute an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000. Employee contributions vest immediately. After 10 years of service employee benefits become fully vested.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

After 20 years of service, or upon having attained the age of 55 with at least 10 years of serivce, employees are eligible to receive benefits under the plan. Benefits are based on the average of the three highest-salaried years of employee service and are determined in a manner similar to the provisions of MCCRS.

The School District has no obligation to contribute to this plan. All pension benefits and expenses paid by the Teachers Retirement Board are funded by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Payments made by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on behalf of the School District amounted to \$4,668,814 and are reflected as revenues and corresponding expenditure in the School District's financial statements.

5 - POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The School District pays 50 percent of the cost of insurance premiums for health benefits for all personnel who attain retirement age while in the employment of the School District. These costs are appropriated and expended in the fiscal year incurred.

6 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The School District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all School District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

7 - SELF INSURANCE PLANS

Health Insurance - The School District is a member of the Acton Health Insurance Trust (the Trust), a two member organization established pursuant to Chapter 32B, Section 12 (Joint Purchase and Negotiation of Health Insurance) and Chapter 40, Section 3A, of the Massachusetts General Laws to obtain health insurance for its member governments at costs eligible to larger groups. The Trust offers health insurance options through Blue Cross/Blue Shield, Master Health Plus and Harvard-Pilgrim, Health Maintenance Organization (HMO), and Tufts Medicare Preferred plans.

Each member is charged a premium for coverage based on individual and family rates as determined by the Board in conjunction with its trust administrator. Included in these rates is an estimate for the incurred but not reported self-insurance claims. Ultimate liability for claims remains with the respective members and, accordingly, the insurance risks are not transferred to the Trust.

The unaudited financial statements of the Trust as of June 30, 2012 reflected a liability for unpaid claims of \$1,050,000 and a fund surplus of \$2,853,502.

The School District had 335 active employees and 249 retired employees enrolled in the health insurance plans offered by the Trust.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Acton-Boxborough Regional School District provides health and life insurance coverage for its retirees and their survivors (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan") as a single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan. Chapter 32B of the Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to plan design and contribution rates must be accomplished through the collective bargaining process. The Plan does not issue a stand alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

The number of participants as of December 31, 2010, the latest actuarial valuation, is as follows:

Active employees	346
Retired employees and beneficiaries	237

583 ===

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of Plan members and the School District are established and may be amended by the School District. The required health insurance contribution rates of active Plan members and the School District are 15% and 85%, respectively and 50% each for retirees. The Plan members and the School District each contribute 50% towards a \$5,000 term life insurance premium. The School District currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The School District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an actuarially determined amount that is calculated in accordance with the parameters set forth in GASB Statement #45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the actual amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation:

Normal cost with interest	\$ 1,829,944
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,770,811
Interest	338,947
ARC adjustment	(287,638)
Annual OPEB cost	3,652,064
Contributions made	1,119,128
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,532,936
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	7,532,146
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$10,065,082 =======

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Trend information regarding annual pension cost, the percentage of the annual pension cost contributed and the net pension obligation is as follows:

		Annual	Percentage	Net
Fiscal	Year	OPEB Cost	of AOPEBC	OPEB
Endir	1q	(AOPEBC)	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
June 30,	2009	\$3,167,861	22.19%	\$ 2,464,939
June 30,	2010	3,352,547	22.68%	5,057,161
June 30,	2011	3,442,190	28.10%	7,532,146
June 30,	2012	3,652,064	30.64%	10,065,082

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - The funded status of the Plan at Deceber 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	(AAL)	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/(C)
12/31/07	\$ -	\$35,757,233	\$35,757,233	-	\$ N/A	N/A
12/31/10	_	46,370,872	46,370,872	-	N/A	N/A

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The significant methods and assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date:
Actuarial cost method:
Amortization method:
Remaining amortization period:
Interest discount rate:
Healthcare/Medical cost trend rate:

December 31, 2010
Projected Unit Credit
Projected Unit Credit
30 years
4.5%
10% for six years decreasing
by .75% to an ultimate level
of 5% per year

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Allocation of OPEB</u> - OPEB costs were allocated 100% to the School District's insurance expense under governmental activites.

9 - LEASES

The School District is obligated 50/50 with the Town of Acton under several leases for motor vehicles and equipment accounted for as a capital leases. The lease obligations are accounted for as a liability in the governmental activities statement of net assets.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012:

Year Ending	General Long-Term
<u>June 30,</u>	Obligations Account Group
2013	\$ 179,014
2014	179,015
2015	179,014
2016	179,015
2017	179,014
2018	434,367
Minimum lease payments for all capital leases Less: Amount representing interest at School District's incremental	
borrowing rate of interest	<u>106,169</u>
Present value of minimum lease pay	ments \$1,223,270

Included in capital assets is approximately \$1,648,411 in capital leases for equipment.

10 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District is a party to numerous legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The legal proceedings, in the opinion of District Counsel, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the School District's financial position.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the District. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2012 amounted to \$883,652.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Inchesea	Daguara	Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ <u>404,440</u>	\$	\$	\$ 404,440
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	404,440			404,440
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	78,524,130	-	-	78,524,130
Equipment	5,461,817	1,589,098	1,570,375	5,480,540
Improvements	903,326			903,326
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	84,889,273	1,589,098	1,570,375	84,907,996
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	20,712,942	1,999,793	-	22,712,735
Equipment	4,383,837	166,178	1,420,670	3,129,345
Improvements	688,233	63,233		751,466
Total accumulated depreciation	25,785,012	2,229,204	1 400 620	26 522 546
Total capital assets, being	25,785,012	2,229,204	1,420,670	26,593,546
• • •		4		
depreciated, net	59,104,261	<u>(640,106</u>)	(149,705)	58,314,450
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 59,508,701	\$ (640,106)	\$ (149,705)	\$ 58,718,890
	========			######################################

Depreciation expense was not charged to various functions but shown as a separate line item as unallocated in the statement of activities.

13 - <u>DEBT</u>

Unmatured general obligation bonds and notes payable consist of the following:

<u>Purpose of Issue</u> JHS addition, serial issue maturities	<u>Governmental</u>
through 2025, bearing interest rates of 4% to 6% JHS addition, serial issue maturities	\$ 385,000
through 2024, bearing interest rates of 3.0% to 5.25% Note payable, bank, monthly payments of	4,130,000
principle and interest of \$641 through 2013, bearing interest rate of 5% SHS addition, serial issue maturities	7,512
through 2025, bearing interest rates of 4% to 6%	<u>14,005,000</u>
	\$18,527,512 ========

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds -

Bond anticipation notes are classified as general obligation bonds when the criteria established by FASB-6 (Classification of Short-term Obligations Expected to be Refinanced) are satisfied.

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the School District. The state has approved school construction assistance subject to annual appropriation by the legislature to partially provide resources for future principal and interest requirements.

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the School District to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the federal government.

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012 are summarized as follows:

	Balance	Issues or	Payments or	Balance	Due Within
	July 1	Additions	Expenditures	June 30	One Year
Governmental Type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 19,570,000	\$ -	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 18,520,000	\$ 1,095,000
Note Payable	14,698	-	7,186	7,512	7,512
Longevity Incentive	1,685,522	-	92,967	1,592,555	76,302
Capital Lease Obligations	494,778	1,223,270	494,778	1,223,270	176,164
Total government	\$ 21,764,998	\$ 1,223,270	\$ 1,644,931	\$ 21,343,337	\$ 1,354,978
	========	========	========		

Annual Requirements to Retire Debt Obligations -

The annual aggregate maturities for each debt type for the years subsequent to June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Bonds

ear Ending			
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 1,102,512	\$ 796,554	\$ 1,899,066
2014	1,145,000	750,779	1,895,779
2015	1,195,000	696,946	1,891,946
2016	1,245,000	640,884	1,885,884
2017	1,295,000	584,309	1,879,309
2018 - 2022	7,350,000	2,079,640	9,429,640
2023 - 2025	5,195,000	445,787	5,640,787
	\$18,527,512	\$ 5,994,899	\$24,522,411
		========	=======

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Bonds Authorized and Unissued -

The School District is subject to a dual level general debt limit; the normal debt limit and the double debt limit. Such limits are equal to 2-1/2% and 5%, respectively, of the valuation of taxable property in the Towns as last equalized by the Commonwealth's Department of Revenue. Debt may be authorized up to the normal debt limit without state approval. Authorizations under the double debt limit, however, require the approval of the Commonwealth's Emergency Finance Board. Additionally, there may be categories of general obligation debt which are exempt from the debt limit but are subject to other limitations, including debt incurred under the Funding Loan Act of 1971.

14 - TEMPORARY BORROWINGS

Under state law and by authorization of the School Committee, the School District is authorized to borrow on a temporary basis to fund the following:

- 1. Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue or tax anticipation notes (RANs or TANs).
- 2. Capital project costs incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BANs).
- 3. Federal and state aided capital projects and other program expenditures prior to receiving reimbursement through issuance of Federal and state aid anticipation notes (FANs and SANs).

Temporary loans are general obligations of the School District and carry maturity dates which are limited by statute.

The School District has an obligation to the Town of Acton for \$4,290,000 in avoided costs for construction of the Middle Fort Pond Brook Sewer District. This amount represents the total projected costs to construct an on-site facility and sewerage collection system for the school campus located on Charter and Hayward Roads. The School District has made payments to date in the amount of \$1,629,700.

15 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Balances	<u>General</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid expenses	\$ <u>345,620</u>	\$	\$ <u>345,620</u>
Total nonspendable	345,620	479	345,620
Restricted For:			
Reserved for debt service	8,842	-	8,842
Revolving accounts	-	524,651	524,651
State and Federal grants		<u>25,953</u>	25,953
Total restricted	8,842	550,604	559,446
Committed To:			<u>-</u>
Assigned To:			
Revolving Accounts	-	1,198,519	1,198,519
Encumbrances	883,652	-	883,652
Designated for next year	770,000		770,000
Total assigned	1,653,652	1,198,519	2,852,171
<u>Unassigned</u> :	1,296,976	<u> </u>	1,296,976
Total Fund Balances	\$3,305,090	\$1,749,123	\$5,054,213
	=======	========	=======

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16 - TRUST FUNDS

A summary of trust fund balances at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

James Kinsley	\$	37,408
Katherine Kinsley		29,464
Acton-Boxborough Jamboree		3,052
American legion 284		50,808
Brody Family Peer Leadership		34
John Prendiville Memorial		12,864
Charles Battit Memorial		24,523
Jean DeBaggis Memorial		2,941
Mary and Peter Smoltees		43,491
Raymond J. Grey School		14,576
Andrew Gratz Memorial		9
Fred Kennedy Memorial		2,147
Judith Scott Memorial		1,076
General Scholarships		1,360
Charles Brosie Memorial		9,456
Thomas Meagher Memorial		6,839
R&E Matusow Memorial		50,043
R. Bartolomeo Memorial		1,176
Sandra Wilensky Memorial		3,099
Frederick Joyce Memorial		4,893
R & R Dow		4
Alma Parkhurst		28,728
Dennis Kulsick Memorial		3,170
	\$:	331,161

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

The Honorable School Committee Acton-Boxborough Regional School District Acton, Massachusetts

Our report on our audit of the financial statements of the Acton-Boxborough Regional School District for June 30, 2012 appears on pages 1 and 2. That audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of treasurers cash is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bayatt Hamm + (0.

Borgatti Harrison & Co.

Framingham, Massachusetts September 21, 2012

SCHEDULE OF TREASURER'S CASH

JUNE 30, 2012

Northern Bank and Trust	\$	558,583
Middlesex Savings Bank		268,563
Workers Credit Union		265,014
Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust		668,336
Eastern Bank	_3	1,734,779
	5	,515,275
Other:		
Petty Cash		5,310
Total cash	\$ 5	5,520,585
	==	======